

THERE WOULD BE FE

Thaw had a pistol, so he wiped out the life of Stanford White. Peter Hains had a revolver and he must stand trial for murder. Morris Haas got a firearm and shot down Prosecutor Heney in a San Francisco court, and then took his own life. Because of a feud growing out of political differences, Robin Cooper killed former Senator Carmack in the streets of Nashville.

Many of the quarrels which go to the point of tragedies are not in themselves serious, and with time for reflection, for explanation and the subsequent thought, could often be adjusted.

The pistol, however, renders a verdict that can never be changed.

Uncle Sam can stop a needless flow of blood by finding a way to put the ever-ready pistol out of reach.

Murders are piling up in every section of the country because it is so easy for men and women, even children, in fact, to get hold of firearms.

Hundreds of murderers are awaiting trials, homes have been wrecked, ruined lives are plentiful as the bullets in a battle, and all because no restrictions that can be enforced stand between the man with a grudge and the pistol that will enable him to obtain his vengeance.

In days of old men used to fight duels. The practice was held in horror, and rightfully so by the humane people of the Nation, and finally public sentiment, as well as the laws of the Nation, put the duello under the ban.

But a nice question is raised by the present reckless habit that is developed of shooting down an enemy without warning wherever he may be found, and for causes often so trivial as to make the absurdity of the killing almost equal to its horror.

The duel was wrong, but at least it was fought under organized rules, and both parties to it had a chance for their lives.

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White would have been injured, humiliated and disgraced to the world, and Thaw would have been a hero instead of a convict. The extremity of murder hard to justify, though many would have sympathized with Thaw in a punishment less terrible.

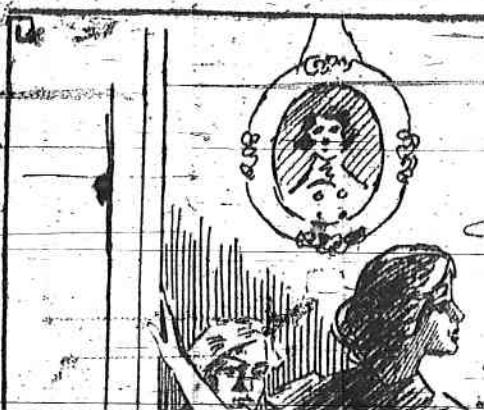
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D O I REMEMBER the visit that Morgan's Raiders paid to Corydon? Well, I should say that I do," said Mrs. Sallie K. Jones, who, although she does not claim to be "one of the oldest residents" of historic Corydon, has lived there long enough to remember perfectly the historic raid.

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The duel was wrong, but at least it was fought under organized rules, and both parties to it had a chance for their lives.

But the modern use of the ever-ready revolver is governed by no mistaken principle. Shoot your man on sight, without warning, is the motto; shoot him in the back, if you can, so as to make the job surer and safer.

Hardly has one dramatic shooting been brought to the attention of the courts before another is ready to take its place in public interest.

The Thaw case of a couple of years ago made a profound impression, but since that time there have been a host of others, equally dramatic, and involving persons almost as well known as the principals in the Garden tragedy.

The Hains brothers, who are fighting with the courts for their lives, hold the center of the stage now.

Apparently Peter Hains, the husband, was an abused man. Undoubtedly the belief that his young wife was false to him inflicted untold grief on him during the long ocean trip home from Manila after he had been summoned by his brother's letter.

But the killing of the man he believed to be his wife's lover, William E. Amis, does not restore him his wife, neither does it bring back happiness.

Without the invitation to murder conveyed in the ever-ready pistol that he as a soldier always had available whose use he well understood, he might have used other less violent means of revenge, which at the same time would have saved him from coming under the pale of the law.

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Interest in the raiders' visit to Corydon and vicinity has been revived by the finding of the old steamer Alice Dean, which was sunk in the Ohio River at Mock's Landing. It was this boat that Morgan seized to transport his men across the river to the Indiana side. Retaining possession of it until all his men had crossed safely, he then sank the steamer, which has remained lost to sight until a short time ago. The low water of the Ohio brought into view the battered old hulk, which had rotted at the bottom of the river since the memorable day of the raid, July 9, 1863. Never since that day has the water been low enough to uncover the boat, and the fact that it can now be seen has attracted people to the landing by the hundreds, and has also revived interest in Morgan's stop at Corydon. There are not many persons left who recall that day, and Mrs. Jones is often asked to tell the story of her experiences.

"I am not likely to forget that day," she said, "because I served Morgan and his staff with their dinner. They came to our house just at noon and ate the dinner we had prepared for our home guard."

"All the other women of the household fled away in terror, but I was not afraid of Morgan, so I stayed to look after things. Morgan had eight men with him, and I waited at table while they ate our nice dinner."

"I remember that we had cherry pie for dinner that day," went on Mrs. Jones, with a little smile, "and when the news came that Morgan was at the edge of the town I ran out to the kitchen and hurriedly ate a big piece of pie, because I knew that I would not get my share if I waited until dark."

"Did you talk to Morgan?"

"No, I talk to him." I never did that, never dare do it.



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She did not add that she was probably



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fo Independence Hall, and there in the very room where the immortal paper had been signed, the descendants of those who had signed it grouped around the table at which the president of the meeting, John Hancock, presided, and were photographed.

This pilgrimage to the shrine of Liberty is to be made an annual affair. A badge was adopted as the insignia of the order. It consists of a beautiful design, with American eagles and a reproduction of the Liberty Bell, and at the

signing of the Declaration took place, but these by no means form a majority of the membership. In fact, it is widely scattered all over the country.

The North and South alike are united in these bonds of worship for the great men of the past. New England and the Southern states had many delegates to the Continental Congress that adopted the Declaration.

The country wanted the advice and the work of its biggest men, and nobody made any complaint at the size of the

patriotic organization. The offspring of the signers has been content to remain in one place, men who signed were the pioneers. They had come to the new world in search of happier homes. They once more demonstrated their originality and daring when they ripped off the yoke of Great Britain and announced to the world their complete freedom.

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In connection with the trial of Re for grafting the name of Haas was drawn in a jurors' panel. Heney, opposed expert lawyers, and by all the wealth those who sought to cover up their guilty knowing that in the course of the trial there was no extreme of villainy they would not attempt in order escape conviction, naturally had the careers of every possible jurymen most closely investigated. This is the custom in fact of an honest prosecutor in every case of importance. During this search he chanced upon the

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So far as can be learned these venerable women are the only living granddaughters of signers.

Only one generation stands between them and the men who established ever in the annals of the country fame of their name. Miss Margaret Woods is a descendant of John Wittspon of New Jersey, and Miss Ellery is the granddaughter of William Ellery, one of Rhode Island representatives to the Congress. Benjamin Franklin, that wonderfully

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criminal record of Haas. Such a man was unfit to serve on a jury, and in court Prosecutor Heney told him so, and made public the long-concealed record of his shame.

Haas thought himself ruined. He gave way to his despair and rage. There was nothing left for him in life. He would kill himself, but first he would make away with the man who had disclosed his secret and ruined him.

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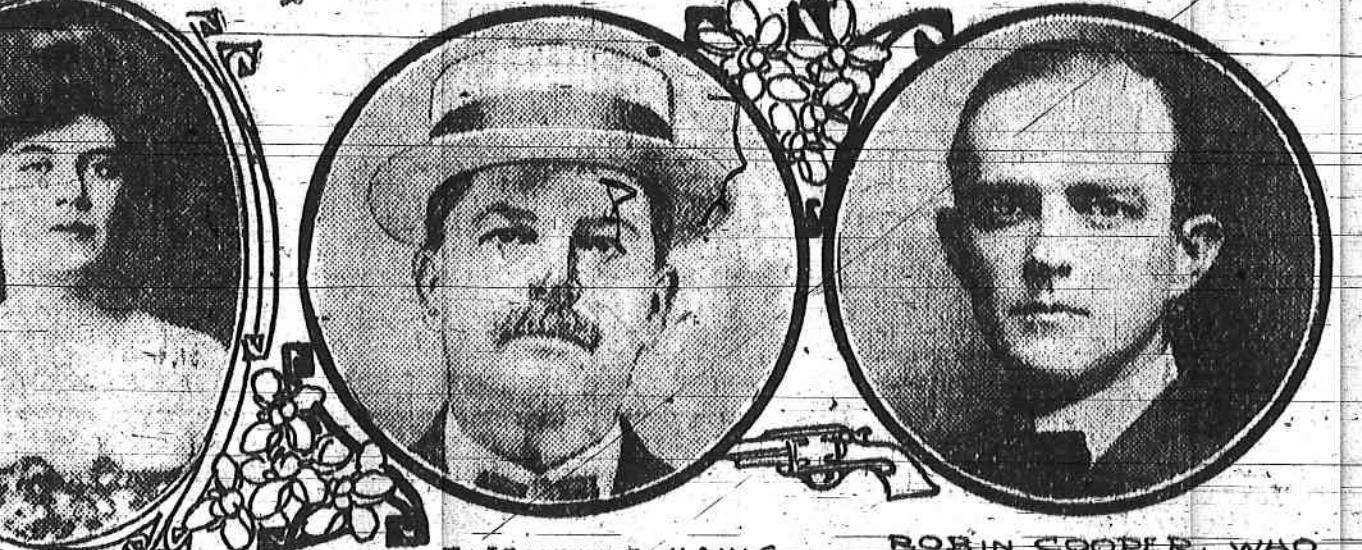
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Robert Morris, another romantic figure, one of the first great financiers of the early days, the man who not only signed the Declaration, but who found the money to carry on the war, and who finally lost his all and went to a debtors' prison, has recognition in the person of his great-granddaughter, Miss Elizabeth Nixon Cooke, who has been chosen as geneolo-

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less alters materially after deliberation and reflection.

But the pistol was there. Heney would be in court, and the hatred Haas felt for him nerved him to the deed.

The shot was fired, but fortunately it failed of its purpose, and Heney, while badly injured, escaped death, and was in court recently to hear the verdict of guilty pronounced on Rufus and a sentence imposed.

But the former convict turned the pistol on himself, and it gave the harvester of at least one death.

Heney's suffering, the widowing of a devoted wife, and the making orphans of

four children, was of the ever-ready Tennessee tasted that not only shamed it one of its most put into danger of a leading family, but that may not be as has done more dead.

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Men have become rivals before. In the man is one long and the first lesson master his temper.

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son, Thomas Nelson Jr., Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton,

North Carolina—William Hooper, Joseph Hughes, John Penn.

South Carolina—Edward Rutledge, Thomas Heyward Jr., Thomas Lynch Jr., Arthur Middleton.

Georgia—Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, George Walton.

The new organization will not be a rival of the Sons of the Revolution, Daughters of the Revolution or the Colonial Dames. Its functions will be to unite with them in keeping alive the spirit of '76.

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four children, was the product in misery of the over-handy pistol that Hams had. Tennessee trusted a horro only lately that not only shamed the state, took from it one of its most distinguished sons and put into danger of the noose the son of a leading family, but that stirred hatred that may not be assuaged till the pistol has done more deadly work.

Former United States Senator Carmack, an able citizen, a brilliant speaker, a man of clean life and a skilled editor, while walking the streets of Nashville was shot and killed by Robin Cooper, the young son of Col. Duncan B. Cooper.

Carmack had no chance for his life. He was shot down brutally and coldly.

Yet here, as in every one of these cases, the pity can not all be extended the innocent victims. The murderer has family ties. He loves and has those who love him. He has committed a terrible crime, but this fact does not alter the truth that he is destined to undergo experiences fraught with horror before his case is disposed of, even should he be fortunate enough to escape the gallows.

Men have become excited over political rivalries before. In fact, the life of a public man is one long series of contentions, and the first lesson he must learn is to master his temper.

If men in Washington, for example, were to shoot, as soon as they found cause for grievance, the greater part of capital news would have to be told in the form of obituary notices.

Hide the pistol; give disputants a chance to think matters over, and many a difference of opinion will be forgotten and forgiven and rivals will become friends. This is proved in public life by numerous alliances between men who once were diametrically opposed to one another.

But, the ready pistol does away with the possibilities of reconciliation. Its barefaced report sounds the death knell not only of human lives, but of conferences, interviews, allowances and charity that bring men together and cause their quarrels to seem far too petty to be perpetuated.

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But the former convict turned the pistol on himself, and it gave the harvest of at least one death.

Heney's suffering, the widowhood of a devoted wife, and the making orphans of

news would have to be told in the form of obituary notices.

Hide the pistol; give disputants a chance to think matters over, and many a difference of opinion will be forgotten, and forgiven and rivals will become friends. This is proved in public life by numerous alliances between men who once were diametrically opposed to one another.

But the ready pistol does away with the possibilities of reconciliation. Its baneful report sounds the death-knell not only of human lives, but of conferences, interviews, allowances and charity that bring men together and cause their quarrels to seem far too petty to be perpetuated.

In Philadelphia lived Capt. Clayton J. Erb, a political leader and man of influence in public life.

Long after he had come to be rated by his friends as a confirmed bachelor he married. The union was the beginning of a long series of quarrels between himself and his wife, quarrels which had a large part of their beginnings in the wife's sister.

But other men have quarreled with their wives, only later to see the folly. Then reconciliations have resulted, and many an unhappy home has been turned into a place of contentment.

Mrs. Belset, the sister, had a pistol, and when the most critical of the quarrels between the husband and wife came, she was there with the firearm, and ready to use if need arose.

What seemed to her the need did come, and in the morning Erb's dead body was found in the hallway of his beautiful home, "Red Gables," and now the wife and her sister are soon to be called upon to answer to the law for the death of this man.

Mrs. Bradley had the ever-ready pistol in Washington, and she sent out of the world former Senator Brown, the father of her children.

A belief on the part of the jury that she had been wronged by the dead man led to her acquittal, but by no means returned her to the path of happiness. There is now nowhere she can go. She is having a battle to support her chil-

The giant that still now walks of and brought more misery to her than to the many she left out of the world.

The trucker in his garden, India rubber and paper factory, without having put up his or will, and the barns are additions to the house which are due to the fact that he is the son of a

large and aged family, and the wife of a man who has been a

iders' Visit to Corydon



unmindful of the requirements of gallantry. So her bantering words were accepted without resentment. Morgan himself did not pay much heed to her manners.

"From what I saw of him and from the language he used I could not have judged that he was a man of culture," said Mrs. Jones.

After eating a hearty dinner Morgan retired to an upstairs room to rest. There the young hostess carried newspapers to him that he might read for himself of the reverses suffered by the Confederates. Bantering him in her impulsive way with the losses of his side and telling him that the Unionists were after him, she soon stirred him to activity. Learning from the papers that he was being pursued, Morgan hastily bought his horse and left the town.

"The men were very angry with me," said Mrs. Jones, "and they told me that if I had not warned Morgan she could easily have been captured in our house, as the Unionists were only three hours behind him."

Two of the young officers stopped long enough to offer pay for the dinner. They handed a \$20 Confederate note to Mr. Kintner, but the latter contemptuously threw it on the floor. It is a matter of regret to Mrs. Jones that she did not preserve the note as a reminder of one of the most interesting dinners but ever served in her home.

Mrs. Jones, who is the corresponding secretary of the Indiana Christian Women's Board of Missions, is well known throughout the state for her charitable work. In the course of her travels she has seen many scenes of poverty and distress which have deeply impressed her, and she has emerged from them with a desire to do something for the poor.

Agnes Jones, a widow, was born in New Haven, Conn., in 1857. Her parents were Quakers, and she was educated in New Haven. After the death of her parents she went to New York City, where she taught school for a short time. She then moved to Indianapolis, where she taught school for a number of years. She married a man named Jones, who died in 1885. She has two sons, one of whom is now a lawyer in Indianapolis, and the other is a teacher in a high school in New York City. She is a member of the First Presbyterian Church in Indianapolis.

and rage. There was
no time—no moment
he would make amends
had finished his an-

gerous career.
He might have
done more to make
time to the good and
make man more impo-

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theory, as the Southern words were
ringing through his mind. Morgan him-
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throughout the state for her church work.
It is doubtful if the hundreds of persons
who come in contact with the earnest
church worker are aware of the part that
she played in an event that is recorded in
Indiana's history.

Another woman of Corydon who has a
vivid recollection of Morgan is Mrs.
Lavisa Heth. Mrs. Heth is now an old
woman, but she has never recovered
from the terrible shock of that
day in 1863, when a cannon ball
passed through the room of her home
where she was standing. Her home was
the only one in the town into which the
Confederates fired. Mrs. Heth still has
the cannon ball in her possession. Her
father was the only man who was killed
right in the town by Morgan's men. Others
were killed, however, in the fighting near

composed Morgan's
young beauty wait on
loved themselves not
the town.

of ordinary torture.

In the pistol, like lightning,
comes as quick justice over, and many
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and forgiven and friends will become
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numerous instances between men who
once were diametrically opposed to one
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possibility of reconciliation. In battle
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men together and cause their quarrels
to cease for the party to be persecuted.

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The pistol that did her work of venge-
ance wrought more misery to her than
to the many she sent out of the world.

The drunken and the juvenile, inflicting
serious and fatal injuries with pistols,
without having any malice, or without
intending to do harm, are additions to
the list of those who are deadly users of
the ever-ready gun.

Again and again are sent out from va-
rious parts of the country accounts of
young men and boys being shot by watch-
men and policemen while trying to escape
after having committed offenses so trif-
fle that the limit of punishment for them
would hardly have been more than a few
weeks in jail.

Uncle Sam can save a lot of work for
his criminal courts the country over, can
he but put the ever-ready pistol out of
use.